AMENDED REPORT

Item No:	2.1
Title:	Business Recovery Plan - Status Report
Department:	Chief Financial Officer
9 November 2	2020 Ordinary Council Meeting
Reference:	F2020/00039 - D14260648
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Central Coast Council

Summary

The purpose of this report is to provide an overview summary of Council's financial position, progress against the adopted Business Recovery Plan (formerly the 100 Day Recovery Action Plan), progress of the Forensic Audit, and details of progress against any strategies or performance improvement orders that are in place.

While this report is not confidential, it does relate to a confidential matter. Councillors and staff are reminded of their obligation under the Code of Conduct to appropriately manage confidential information. It is noted that Councillors received legal advice regarding this issue. Should Councillors wish to discuss this matter, including confidential information provided it is recommended that Council resolves as follows:

That Council resolve that this matter be dealt with in closed session pursuant to s. 10A(2)(g) of the Local Government Act 1993 for the following reason:

2(g) advice concerning litigation, or advice that would otherwise be privileged from production in legal proceedings on the ground of legal professional privilege,

And because consideration of the advice received in open Council would on balance be contrary to the public interest as it would affect Council's ability to manage legal matters effectively and in the best interests of Central Coast community.

Recommendation

- 1 That Council note that the 100 Day Recovery Action Plan is now referred to as the Business Recovery Plan.
- 2 That Council receive and note the report "Business Recovery Plan Status Report".

Background

At its Ordinary meeting held 26 October 2020, the Council resolved as follows:

1081/20 Each (fortnightly) Council meeting during the next 12 months will receive a report that details;

- *i. the financial position of council at that time*
- *ii.* progress against the Business Recovery Plan
- iii. progress of the Forensic Audit, until completed
- *iv.* an outline of any other relevant strategy in response to the Financial Crisis and progress against those strategies
- v. progress against any Performance Improvement Order that is in place.

Financial Position of Council

Council is now closely monitoring, tracking and reconciling its cash position on a daily basis. Progress has been made on identifying and mitigating the key causes for the situation that Council finds itself in. Senior management are focused on implementing the actions below.

Progress Against the Business Recovery Plan

The Business Recovery Plan has 2 stages:

Stage 1- First Response: to swiftly identify and implement strategies which would have an immediate effect on reducing the rate of expenditure currently being incurred, thereby seeking to preserve cash.

The following actions were agreed in response to Council's financial situation for immediate implementation:

- Ceasing recruitment for all roles except those for which there is a safety requirement or statutory requirements.
- Significantly reducing staff delegations to limit those staff with authority to spend to Unit Manager level.
- Ceasing all unnecessary spending on operational expenditure.
- Review of Council's contingent workforce to reduce expenditure on temporary staff or contractors.
- Management and reduction of overtime with regular reporting.
- Review of all capital projects and halting where practicable to allow further review
- Establishment of Tactical Team to deliver Business Recovery plan.
- Review of controls over Council's financial systems to develop improved and more regular reporting.
- Daily monitoring of Council's cash balances to understand Council's current position.
- Dashboard reporting of key financial indicators

Stage 2 – Business Recovery Plan: Ongoing focus on the intake of cash and expenditure reduction, coupled with more sustainable cash preservation and funding. Stage 2 actions are grouped under the key categories of Governance, Finance, Operations and Assets.

Stage 1 of the Business Recovery Plan was completed on 30 October. A status report was considered by Council on 26 October 2020. Stage 2 of the plan has now commenced.

Council staff have provided a summary of savings identified and actions completed to date. (Attachment 2)

Some of the major savings have been from a review of overtime, the capital expenditure program and the temporary workforce.

Progress of the Forensic Audit

KPMG were formally engaged on the 26th October 2020 to perform forensic analysis of Councils financial position in relation to funding expenditure from the 2016/2017 financial year to date. KPMG representatives attended Council's Wyong Administration building on Monday 2nd November 2020 in order to meet with relevant Council representatives to commence the first phase of their engagement being, planning, scoping and information gathering. During the meeting, detailed discussions were held providing context to Councils Forensic analysis requirements and solutions to manage data integrity and security during file transfers between parties. KPMG currently anticipate the first phase of the engagement to be completed within 2 weeks (approx. 13th November 2020), and the historical analysis (phase 2) to take approximately a further 6-8 weeks. Due to the second phase deliverable being impacted by the Christmas period, it is expected the historical analysis findings will be available mid-late January 2021.

Outline of any other relevant strategy in response to the Financial Crisis and progress against those strategies

In addition to the above, the following financial actions have been undertaken:

- Review of the internal allocations between the different Funds' unrestricted cash positions to stress test the accounting assumptions. Early findings have shown that all plant and fleet items have been charged against the General Fund's unrestricted cash, instead of the internal reserves for the different Funds, for those plant and fleet items that are predominantly used and located at Waste, Water or Sewer. So far over \$7m has been identified as suitable for accounting reallocation.
- Identify at least \$50m worth of underperforming property assets or property assets that would not negatively impact the strategic direction of the Community Strategic Plan that can be sold within 6-12 months.

• Daily monitoring of cash, payments and restrictions and communications with suppliers.

Other Key Actions

2.1

Clayton Utz have been engaged to provide guidance to Council in respect of liquidity and Financial restructuring advice together with analysis and advice regarding legal implications of the forensic accountants' findings once they are finalised.

Link to Community Strategic Plan

Theme 4: Responsible

Goal G: Good governance and great partnerships

R-G2: Communicate openly and honestly with the community to build a relationship based on transparency, understanding, trust and respect.

Attachments

1	Confidential - Business Recovery Plan Financial Table – Provided Under	D14286861
	Separate	
2	Business Recovery Plan Status Update Stage 2	D14286865
3	Overview - Business Recovery Plan	D14288368

Stage 2: Business Recovery Plan - Update

The objective of Stage 2 is to achieve financial recovery by continuing to focus on the intake of cash and expenditure reduction, coupled with more sustainable cash preservation initatives & strategies which support long term financial recovery & sustainability. These include but are not limited to:

- Assessing appropriate service levels and structure;
- Conducting a workforce review;
- Identifying operational cost saving opportunities and efficiencies;
- Restructuring the capital projects plan;
- Implementing an asset realisation programme; and
- Putting in controls and systems to ensure root causes are resolved

ITEM	Action to Date
1.0 Governance	Stage 2 – Planning workshop held with the Financial Tactical Team & ELT on 22 October 2020.
	 1.1 Project Management - Program Management establishment & development of relating project artefacts to manage individual work streams complete. 1.2 Resourcing - Identification of key roles & responsibilities & the establishment of the governance structure underway
	 1.6 Legal – Clayton Utz engaged for the provision of external Counsel 1.7 Key Stakeholder Engagement – Development of communications strategy in porgress
2.0 Finance	 2.1 Funding – Strategies with respect to funding in progress 2.2 Controls – Daily monitoring of cashflow and cash balances underway 2.3 Working Capital Optimisation – work has begun to review debtors in terms of debt recovery processes and payment terms extended extended and payment cycles reduced during 'Phase 1 – First Response'
3.0 Operational	 3.2 Workforce Review – The following key reviews are in progress: Review of current staff benefits to model different scenario's for cost saving; Review of the restructure process and the redeployment policy including the internal redeployment process for temporary redeployed employees; and

	Review of flexible working options and other cost saving measures.
	In addition, weekly meetings have been set with the Unions to support ongoing engagement and collaboration.
	Overtime reduction strategy has produced favourable results with some weeks rendering a 40% reduction on the historical average trends.
4.0 Assets	4.1 CAPEX - Approximately \$40M in CAPEX reductions were identified during 'Phase 1 – First Response' and formalised in the draft Q1 budget review with the outcome minimising general funding requirements for 20-21 while balancing the gainful employment of the Council's current permanent workforce.
	Furthermore, preliminary modelling has been completed to support development of a new Depreciation-based CAPEX Framework. The methodology has been workshopped with Technical Asset Working Group and compared against other Council approaches e.g. Lake Macquarie and Blacktown. Works to date have included establishment of a Business Unit depreciation model using the current Fixed Asset Register and trend analyses to establish historic grant / contribution / restricted fund expenditure across the last three capital works programs.
	4.2 Developer Contributions - Section 7.12 plan has been reviewed and adopted by Council. The s7.11 plan review has commenced and is scheduled under the Performance Audit recommendations are due for completion December 2020 however a request for extension has been lodged till December 2021. The draft Warnervale District s7.11 Contributions Plan will be placed on public exhibition commencing 6 November 2020.
	Completed projects review is progressing with additional resources allocated to source evidence to support claims and substantiate reimbursement is in accordance with the Contributions Plan.
	4.3 Asset Policies, Efficiencies and Sales - The current focus area, Plant and Fleet, has already identified significant potential saving by reviewing GPS data as a means to assess utilisation. In addition, process changes have been implement to minimise the use of external plant hire and increase justification to align with the new delegations. Economic Development and Project Delivery Unit are undertaking review of existing property assets to determine opportunity to generate funds through sale.

Executive Summary

Executive Summary

Executive Summary

Central Coast Council has, following a year of natural disasters and the impact of COVID-19, undertaken a review of the Council's budget which reveals that its budgetary position has deteriorated since the March 2020 result. The deficit reported at that time of \$41 million is now expected to increase to \$89 million. The Council is in a critical financial situation and faces an immediate and serious liquidity issue. In addition, some expenditure over the past 12-18 months may have resulted in restricted funds being used contrary to the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993.

Given the scope of change needed, the quantum of savings required to be identified, and the need for a full restructure, Council has prepared and began implementation of a Business Recovery Plan for business restructure. Council's Business Recovery Plan is a multi-faceted approach to address the current liquidity issues and introduce structural changes aimed at ensuring the longer-term financial sustainability of Council operations. The Business Recovery Plan is split into two stages:

Stage 1 - First Response: to swiftly identify and implement strategies which would have an immediate effect on reducing the rate of expenditure currently being incurred, thereby seeking to preserve cash.

<u>Stage 2 – Business Recovery Plan</u>: Ongoing focus on the intake of cash and expenditure reduction, coupled with more sustainable cash preservation and funding. Stage 2 actions are grouped under the key categories of Governance, Finance, Operations and Assets.

The Executive Leadership Team has commissioned a Financial Tactical Team to oversee and facilitate the delivery of critical actions which aim to ensure actions included in the Business Recovery Plan are swiftly implemented. There are also a number of key actions that aim to provide greater financial controls and visibility over Council's financial position. Another important aspect of the plan is to fully cost the restructure of Council's business operations, ensuring that value for money is considered in redefining Council's service delivery priorities and level of service delivery.

All decisions taken during this period of rapid change will be guided by the following principles:

- Financial Sustainability
- Essential Services are to be maintained
- Impact on community to be minimised
- · Focus on the future to ensure Council is well placed financially

It is envisaged that the implementation of the Business Recovery Plan will be completed by 31 January 2021, however an ongoing focus on the ongoing financial sustainability of Council will be required beyond that period. The implementation of the plan will cause disruption and will have impact on Council stakeholders, particularly in the short-term. Ultimately, over the long-term, it will position the Central Coast Council to deliver effective and efficient services to meet community needs and aspirations.

Executive Summary (continued)

What does this mean immediately?

- · New budget process focused on cashflow
- · Significant reduction in projects and programs proposed for 2020/21
- · Operational Plan 2020/21 altered to reflect changes
- · No new recruitment unless required under relevant legislation to perform a function eg: child care workers' quota
- · No overtime unless required from under legislative, Local Government Award, safety or emergency function
- · New restricted financial delegations for employees

What does this mean long term?

- · Business restructure
- · Zero based budget to be prepared with a focus on 2021/22.
- A sustainable structure for the long-term in which community needs can still be met efficiently will require:
- · A review of current services, including an assessment of alternate delivery options for all services
- · A review of workforce numbers
- · A review of revenue options
- · Community Strategic Plan review

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Objectives

Objectives

Objectives

First Response

Rapid intake of cash to service the immediate cash funding requirements of Council. These require an action plan enabling 'quick wins' by:

- · Switching off expenditure that can be done, now
- Focusing on a rapid intake of cash from rates via strategies encouraging early payment and collection of delinquent rate payments
- · Extending supplier and contract payments out to 60 days
- Seeking immediate liquidity funding to bridge the Council's requirements until more sustainable funding is available and medium-term
 plans take effect
- · Monitoring the use of that funding via the cash flow model

Second Stage

Ongoing focus on the intake of cash and expenditure reduction, coupled with more sustainable cash preservation and funding such as:

- Raising debt from T-Corp and/or the commercial bank market (supported by a fully costed Restructuring Plan)
- Assessing appropriate service levels and structure
- · Conducting a workforce review
- · Identifying operational cost saving opportunities and efficiencies
- · Restructuring the capital projects plan
- · Implementing an asset realisation programme
- · Putting in controls and systems to ensure root causes are resolved
- · Ongoing cash focus for Council

Principles and Approach

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Principles and Approach

Principles and Approach

Financial Sustainability





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e Focus – Set the **Council up for Success** Given the current financial position of Council, the focus and principles of Council need to be revised. Opposite are new principles agreed by the ELT to assist with guiding decision making during the current situation.

Approach

- The 2019/20 financial results together with the identification of the use of restricted funds has accelerated the need for rapid change at Council. Given the scope of change required, the guantum of savings required to be identified and the need for a full restructure, the strategy is split into two stages:
- Stage 1: First Response
 - The focus of Stage 1 is to swiftly identify and implement strategies which would have an immediate effect on reducing the rate of expenditure currently being incurred, thereby seeking to preserve cash.
 - It is necessary to identify the 'rapid' intake of cash and to hold cash for longer in the business function.
 - The focus is on actions which do not have a long lead time nor incur liabilities. for Council such as break costs or contract termination costs.
- Stage 2: Business Recovery Plan
 - Stage 2 involves in depth reviews and actions around Governance, Operational activities, Workforce planning, Capital works and Financial functions.
 - Where possible, implementation of the Plan will commence inside the Business Recoveries.
 - Through making necessary changes now, the goal is to establish a future structure of Council which is sustainable while meeting the needs of the community
 - Developing a rigid budget process for realignment of this years budget adjustments, next and future years budgets in line with service and affordability levels will be an essential component.

First Response

First Response

First Response

Operating Expenditure

- Cease all recruitment immediately other than:
- Legislative roles; and
- Roles endorsed by the ELT.
- Review contingent workforce and cease most temporary and contractor roles (excluding current apprentices and trainees).
- Freeze all overtime except for:
- Legislative roles;
- Award;
- Emergencies;
- Cost savings; and
- Safety.
- Provide weekly overtime reports to enable managers and ELT to monitor overtime on a timely basis in accordance with above
- Review of Original 2020/21 Budget to identify actions to meet incorporated savings targets.
- Review of ongoing operating projects and cease where possible.

Controls and Finance

- Implement 'strict' new delegation levels to:
 - Reduce spend limits/authorisations
 - \$1-\$10,000 for Unit Managers
 - \$10,001 to \$2.0 million for ELT
 - Prohibit contracts being entered without ELT authorisation.
 - Amend delegations on Trade and Purchase Cards.
- Management of purchase orders/procurement process to ensure compliance with processes and policies.
- Commence working capital review:
 - Receivables/collections process review; and
 - Supplier payment review.
- Develop new reporting tools/dashboard with cash focus:
 - Daily cash balance;
 - Daily cash movements (including rates receipts);
 - Restricted funds balance (at last available month end); and
 - Forecast cash flow.
- Develop 13 week rolling cash flow forecast to support monthly (12 month) cash flow model.



Capital Expenditure

- Starting point 'mothball' all projects regardless of if commenced, committed or pipeline.
- Then by exception only, continue if and 'only' if projects:
 - Are funded from Grants, Development Contributions or approved Restricted Funds use (if funded from 'restricted funds' and doesn't meet the below exceptions, stop)
 - Create a serious safety risk which cannot be mitigated with an alternate measure;Have a payback period of less than 12 months eg \$1 spent will return more than \$1 in 12 months; and
 - Have a prohibitive break cost if already commenced.
- Review projects with day labour/Internal staff and consider plan to delay projects or redirect staff to other projects such as grant or developer contribution funded projects. Also consider redeploying staff to projects within other directorates that meet this criteria.

Other

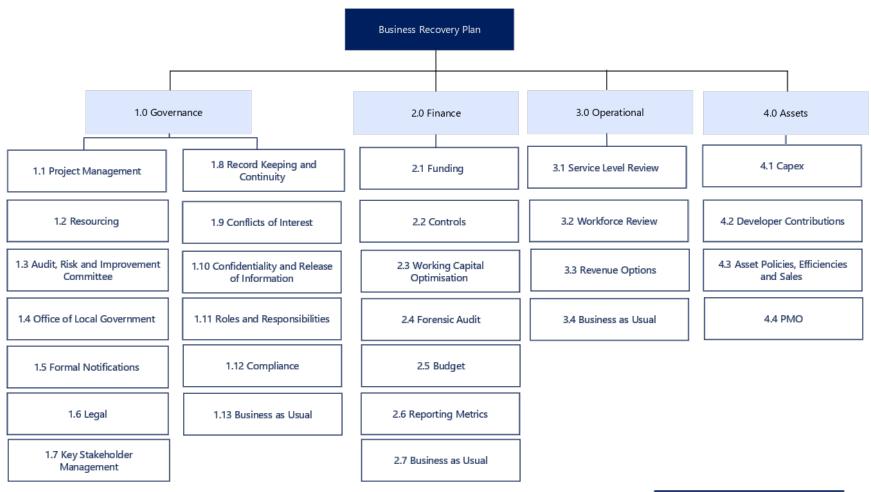
- On-going communication and stakeholder management plans. Regular and frequent communication to councillors (including cash-flow reporting) and other stakeholders.
- Project team management and reporting.

The focus of the First Response is to implement all available levers which will immediately reduce spend while a restructure is being implemented. Cost savings that have an upfront cost (e.g break costs) or longer term implications (e.g. sale of assets) should be considered more thoroughly during the restructure process where the impact of various options can be modelled.

Business Recovery Plan Overview

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Key Elements of the Business Recovery Action Plan



Central Coast Council

1.0 Governance

1.1 Project Management

- Identify Project Manager/Program Lead.
- Document project plan with governance structure established. ٠
- Assign a probity manager to advise on the project. .

1.2 Resourcing

- Identify key roles required, including: ٠
 - Project Management;
 - CFO;
 - Treasury; and
 - Appropriate administration support.

1.3 Audit, Risk and Improvement Committee

- Establish the of role of ARIC. ٠
- ٠ Consideration of bespoke Committee with Councillor involvement.
- Consideration of Business Recovery Action Plan and relevant recommendations to Council.

1.4 Office of Local Government

- Management of notification and actions required. ٠
- Agree and document scope of OLG role. ٠
- Agree and document communication cycle. ٠
- Ensure the appropriate flow of information ٠

1.5 Formal Notifications

Where notifications have occurred, follow up with any actions as required by external . agencies.

1.6 Legal

- Engagement of external Counsel and scope of role.
- · Ongoing provision of advice.

1.7 Key Stakeholder Engagement

- · Develop ongoing communication strategy/communication plan (managed as a subproject).
- Engage early and regularly with key stakeholders to keep parties informed, including:
 - Mayor;
 - Councillors:
 - Employees; _
 - Community and residents; -
 - _ Unions:
 - Suppliers; _
 - Finance Committee; _
 - Office of Local Government; and _
 - ARIC.
- Establish reporting cycle to stakeholders. ٠

1.8 Record keeping and continuity

- Ensure appropriate records are maintained in corporate systems.
- Manage key person risk to ensure continuity due to staff movements or availability **Objective/Focus:**



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Ensuring controls are in place and establishing accountability for the



- Business Recovery Action Plan; Engaging with stakeholders; and -
- Oversight of key legal advice and external recommendations

Governance (continued)

1.9 Conflicts of Interest

- Regular discussions and standing meeting items to consider and manage conflicts of interest.
- All reports from external parties required to include a conflict of interest consideration and statement.

1.10 Confidentiality and release of information

- · Ensure NDAs completed and submitted as required.
- · Where practicable, reports provided are to be able to be made publicly available.
- Regular reviews as to what information can be released proactively.

1.11 Roles and Responsibilities

- · Document scope of role for ELT, Project Team and Tactical Team.
- · Document scope of role for consultants and their relationships/communications.
- Document scope of role for project management.
- Appoint key Project Lead to ensure strong communication of goals and outcomes to Stakeholders including various local and state government authorities.

1.12 Compliance

Ensure all procurement processes are followed for procurement under the Business
Recovery Plan

1.13 Business As Usual

- Councillor engagement.
- Ensure that ongoing reporting and governance requirements are met during the Business Recovery Plan and that progress of the Business Recovery Plan is incorporated into reporting, for example:
 - Q1 reporting; and
 - 31 October 2020 Councillors' workshop.

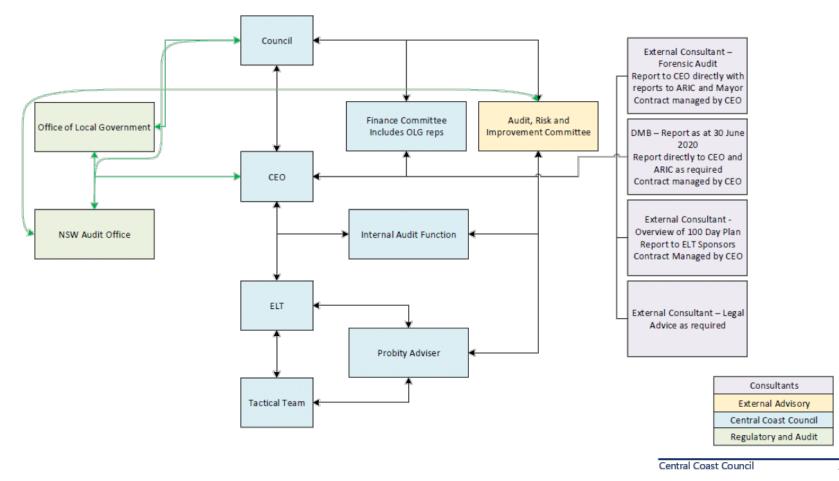


Objective/Focus:

- Ensuring controls are in place and establishing accountability for the Business Recovery Action Plan;
- Engaging with stakeholders; and
- Oversight of key legal advice and external recommendations.

Governance Framework

Governance Structure - Financial Recovery and Sustainability



2.0 Finance

2.1 Funding

- Determine funding needs (both immediate needs and to fund the restructure)
- Develop strategy with respect to funding, including:
- Explore options for 'Emergency' working capital funding;
- Develop strategy to seek approval from internal borrowings; and
- Explore ability to seek long term external debt for working capital needs and to normalise the position.
- Develop documentation and modelling in support of requests for borrowings for approval by the Councillors and/or Ministers and external Banks.
- Develop a fully costed Restructure Plan to determine funding needs.
- Review expenditure undertaken against restricted project requirements for opportunities to 'refund' General Funds and draw down restrictions.

2.2 Controls

- · Enhance cash reporting:
 - Review of current financial reports (with a focus on cash reporting).
 - Establish and regularly refine reports available to assist with decision making of the Tactical Team and ELT (and as ongoing best practice). This may include:
 - Cash flow forecasting;
 - Daily cash balances; and
 - Fund reporting.
- · Develop 13 week rolling cash flow forecast to support monthly cash flow model.
- Establish separate bank accounts for each Fund and type of fund (e.g. restricted):
 - Assess logistics with respect to new accounts (i.e. reporting in Oracle, established bank account practices (e.g. historic payment into old accounts)); and
- Assess legal position regarding ongoing structure versus proposed structure in absence of funding to rectify current position.

- Develop Liquidity Contingency Plan.
- Implement strategies to address control weaknesses identified in external repots including the audit.
- Establish a long-term financial plan in accordance with Principles adopted.

2.3 Working Capital Optimisation

- Increase day-to-day liquidity via review of working capital cycle. This includes:
- Debtors:
 - Review of collections/recovery process and practices;
 - Adopt practices to maximise collections including early phone calls, focus on large debtors and improved reporting by age;
 - Regularly monitor and report on rates and water collections to assess arrears and impact of COVID;
 - Consider incentives and discounts for upfront payments; and
 - Recoup outstanding grant and emergency funding owed to Council by other agencies.
- Creditors:
 - Extend payment terms to more commercial terms (say 30 days for all suppliers except those subject to the Securities of Payment Act);
 - Extend payment terms for large commercial organisations to 45-60 days;
 - Reduce frequency of payment cycles;
 - Monitor and enforce internal processes with respect to ordering such as purchase orders and delegated limits.
- Stock:
 - Consider alternate methods to reduce stock held (and cost of stores) such as third party supplier arrangements.

Objective/Focus:



Ensuring controls are in place to fix root causes;

- Establishing adequate reporting of cash and a cash management framework, seeking rapid intake of cash; and
- Modelling and forecasting the financial impact of restructure.

Central Coast Council

Finance (continued)

2.4 Forensic Audit

- · Appoint forensic accountant to undertake forensic review focusing on restricted funds:
 - Engage appropriate firm;
 - Agree scope and instructions; and
 - Assist with collation of documentation and assisting forensic accountants.

2.5 Budget

- Prepare 'zero based' budget based on restructured organisation;
- Prepare Budget and Operational Plan for 2021/22. Budget Steering Committee to meet to agree framework and messaging, with a focus on:
 - The Operational Plan driving the budget
 - Establishing a recurring budget with all operational and capital projects subject to a business case and review process;
 - Zero based budget or bottom up revenue approach;
 - Limitation of FTE;
 - Limiting the capital budget based on available cash (depreciation less deficit [noting the budget should not be in deficit] less debt reduction plus grants, DCs and restricted funds);
 - Establishing clear and consistent messaging with respect to the framework and limitations of the budget with 'buy in' by all leaders; and
 - Working towards the establishment of a PMO.

2.6 Financial Metrics

- Conduct Internal Cost review.
- · Consider overhead allocation model.
- Review of depreciation schedules.
- Review of loan book and break costs to assess opportunities to refinance and reduce borrowing costs.

2.7 Business As Usual

- Monitor resourcing and progress of 'business as usual' to ensure new risks do not arise given the likelihood of increasing workloads. Key workflow over the coming months includes:
 - Finalisation of Year End accounts and FY20 Audit;
 - Budget and Operational Plan;
 - Monthly reporting and Quarterly review;
 - IPART information return; and
 - Core systems consolidation.
- Review capacity and capability of the Finance team and re-establish the team right through to the leadership via appointment of a new CFO.
- Culturally focus Management on the importance of cash and ensure forecasting tools are standard use in Management meetings going forward.



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Objective/Focus:

- Ensuring controls are in place to fix root causes;
- Establishing adequate reporting of cash and a cash management framework, seeking rapid intake of cash; and
- Modelling and forecasting the financial impact of restructure

Central Coast Council

3.0 Operational

3.1 Service Level Review

- Review current services provided and assess whether the service is :
- Essential (legislated);
- Provided based on community expectations/only supplier; or
- Non-essential.
- Assess and model alternate delivery options for all services. This may include considering:
- Outsourcing services;
- Reducing service levels such as increased response time or reducing operating hours; or
- Sale of business.
- · Utilise data available from Service Review to date.
- Financially model the impact of various delivery and service models.
- Consider new services that may be able to generate revenue.
- Review of all operating projects.

3.2 Workforce Review

- Set workforce reduction target.
- Review workforce needs based on assessment of the essential nature of the service, service delivery levels and proposed structure post restructure.
- Model various redundancy options and the pay-back period.
- Develop strategies with respect to redundancies, considering timing, communication, impact on remaining employees.
- · Consider reduced working hours and other flexible working options;
- Engage and collaborate with the unions with respect to strategies and options.
- · Review of staff benefits, including but not limited to:

- Annualised Salary Agreement (ASA)
- Vehicles
- Market loading
- Allowances
- · Review internal costing model

3.3 Revenue Options

- Explore all available revenue options:
 - Conduct benchmarking against other councils and commercial operators;
 - Prepare financial modelling;
 - Collate and model collective impact or revenue opportunities to provide optionality to Councillors.
- Consider Special Rate Variation and criteria to apply (including potential need to evidence a restructure prior to applying).
- Engage in early dialogue with IPART to assess the impact of the current financial situation on the next determination.
- Review current loan portfolio and costs.

Objective/Focus:



- Creating a sustainable structure for the long term in which community needs can still be met efficiently.
- Leveraging from the restructure process to design the future of the organisation

Operational

3.4 Business as Usual

- Monitor resourcing and progress of 'business as usual' to ensure new risks do not arise given the likelihood of increasing workloads. Reviews and controls may include:
 - Additional requests for overtime
 - Escalation in number of incident and complaint reports on council services
- Review of supplier contracts to renegotiate commercial contracts (e.g. telephone contracts)
- Decommissioning of IT systems and thereby reduce costs (e.g. Authority, ECM, etc)
- · Develop compliance culture with respect to procurement processes.
- · Review project management roles and authorities.



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Objective/Focus:

Creating a sustainable structure for the long term in which community needs can still be met efficiently.

- Leveraging from the restructure process to design the future of the organisation

4.0 Assets

4.1 Capex

- Review Capital Projects and defer any projects unless they:
 - Are funded from Grants, Development Contributions and Restricted funds
 - Create a serious safety risk which cannot be mitigated with an alternate measure;
 - Have a pay-back period of less than 12 months; and
 - Have a prohibitive break cost if already commenced.
- Review projects with Day Labour/Internal staff and consider plan to delay projects or re-direct staff to other projects such as grant of developer ontribution funded projects. Also consider redeploying staff to projects within other directorates that meet this criteria.
- Review capex process with 1-4 and 4-10 year plans to provide a framework for prioritisation of capital works.
- Review outstanding amalgamation-related projects and consider deferral where possible.
- Enhance capex budgeting framework and controls (as part of budget process) ٠

4.2 Developer Contributions

- Review developer contribution plans and model expenditure prediction with a view to minimise expenditure from general revenue.
- Address all recommendations made in the Developer Contribution Audit and ensure clear strategy.
- Continue review of historical spend to identify funds that may have been expended ۰ from incorrect sources ie Developer contribution eligible projects that have been funded from general revenue.
- Investigate if assets procured could become assets of the various funds.

4.3 Asset Policies, Efficiencies and Sales

- Review portfolio of liquid assets and shares, and consider opportunities to increase . liquidity.
- Create a property (land) register including details on the use and return on property. ٠
- . Assess the holding costs of all non-income producing assets and the current and future needs (e.g. community expectation) /strategy for maintaining the property.
- Consider the sale of non-core assets no-longer required identify the value return and ensure sustainable use, ie pay down of debt.
- Utilise data from GPS to drive decisions with respect to plant and fleet including: ٠
 - Most cost-efficient method (e.g. own v hire v lease);
 - Utilisation and ability to sell underutilised equipment
- ٠ Review employee entitlements and policies (such as renewal period) with respect to vehicles and alternate options including pool cars and novated leases.
- Review fuel card usage, controls and restrictions.
- Review IM&T equipment policies including:
- Telephone/data policy;
- Re-negotiation of key contracts; and
- Equipment replacement policies and timeframes (laptops/mobiles).
- Consider sale of businesses.

4.4 PMO

- Investigate the establishment of a PMO (including pay-back period) with a focus on:
- Management and prioritisation of capital works pipeline; and
- Strategic levels (Plans) and asset management plans.

Objective/Focus:



- investment (or community benefit); and
- Develop capital plans for 1-4 and 4-10 years periods to assist with prioritisation of capital for consideration by PMO.

Next Steps

Completed Actions / Next Steps

Completed Actions / Next Steps

Completed Actions -

- > Establish Tactical team, appoint Project manager & Sponsor
- > Identify first response activities and implement
- > Document a Draft Project Management Plan (Scope, Activities, Measurement, Outcomes)
- > Establish communications activities for councillors and staff
- > Distribute Business Recovery Plan overview to councillors
- > Share plan information with OLG and ARIC
- > Conduct workshop with councillors to gain alignment on activities, timelines and proposed outcomes

Next Steps -

- > Agree on communication activities for formalised plan
- > Finalise detailed plan and monitoring dashboard
- Continue with all agreed activities as per plan